ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Gonzales Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2016

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Gonzales Independent School District Name of School District

Gonzales County

089-901 Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) ______approved _____disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2016, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the $\underline{9^{\#}}$ day of $\underline{Jahuary}$, $\underline{2017}$.

nature of Bo

Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

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Financial Section

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FLOYD AND GINDLER, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 421 ST. JAMES – P.O. BOX 638 Gonzales, TX 78629 (830)-672-2824

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Gonzales Independent School District 926 St. Lawrence Gonzales, Texas 78629

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gonzales Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gonzales Independent School District as of August 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Gonzales Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* Subpart F -- Audit Requirements (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for that portion labeled "unaudited" on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated Janaury 9, 2017 on our consideration of Gonzales Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal

control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Gonzales Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Hoyd & Gindler, PC

Gonzales, Texas January 9, 2017

GONZALES INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GONZALES, TEXAS

1711 N Sarah DeWitt Dr. Gonzales, Texas 78629 Telephone: (830) 672-9551 Fax: (830) 672-7159

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Gonzales Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$25,816,273 at August 31, 2016.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$5,016,309 more than the \$31,352,508 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$7,457,719.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government*-wide financial statements that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual* parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- *The governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary fund* statements offer *short* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the government operates *like businesses*, such as self-funded medical insurance.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. These statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

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Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—are one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the governmental funds statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Fiduciary funds*—The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the District's government wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operation.

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• Internal service fund—The District uses an internal service fund to report the activity of its Print Shop Fund that provides services for the District's other programs and activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$25,816,273 at August 31, 2016.

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Table A-1

Gonzales Independent School District's Net Position (In thousand dollars)

	(in alousand do	mars	5)			Tatal	
		Total Percentage					
		Governmental Activities					
			2016 AC	uvitie	2015	Change	
Assets		-	2010		2015	2016-2015	
Current assets:							
Cash, equivalents and investments		\$	10,691	\$	32,567	-67.2%	
Receivables, net of allow.		φ	1,134	Φ	1,017	-67.2%	
Due from other governments			6,611		735		
Other receivables, net						799.5%	
Inventories			108		-	n/a	
Total current assets		_	63		79	-20.3%	
Total culterit assets		-	18,607	_	34,398	-45.9%	
Nonsurrent consta							
Noncurrent assets:							
Building, furniture & equipment							
net of accumulated depreciation			39,622		21,090	87.9%	
Land and construction in progress			5,188		12,871	-59.7%	
Unrealized expenses		-		_	16	n/a	
Total noncurrent assets		_	44,810		33,977	31.9%	
Total assets		_	63,417		68,375	-7.3%	
Deferred outlfows of resources:							
Deferred outflows related to TRS			1,971		338	483.1%	
Deferred outflow of resources-other		_	-	_	4	-100.0%	
Total noncurrent assets			1,971		342	476.3%	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses			2,656		4,003	-33.6%	
Short-term debt payable			3,030			n/a	
Due to other governments			321		607	-47.1%	
Unearned revenues			-		1	-100.0%	
Current portion debt		_	1,280	_	1,372	-6.7%	
Total current liabilities		_	7,287	_	5,983	21.8%	
Long-term liabilities:							
General obligation bonds			25,470		26,565	-4.1%	
Bond premium			1,646		1,832	-10.2%	
Capital leases			-		13	-100.0%	
Net pension liability		_	4,741		2,644	79.3%	
Total noncurrent liabilities			31,857		31,054	2.6%	
		505					
Total liabilities			39,144		37,037	5.7%	
Deferred Inflows							
Deferred inflows related to TRS			352		809	-56.5%	
Deferred revenues			76		38	100.0%	
		-	428	_	847	-49.5%	
		-					
Net position							
Investment in capital assets			19,562		17,019	14.9%	
Restricted			3,570		1,389	157.0%	
Unrestricted			2,684		12,425	-78.4%	
Total net position		\$	25,816	\$	30,833	-16.3%	
•		=		=		. 0.0 /0	

The District's restricted net position represent proceeds from local taxes that are restricted for debt service and capital construction. Unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund programs of the District next year.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES; Glenn Menking, President; Gloria Torres, Vice President; Josie Smith-Wright, Secretary; Sue Gottwald; Justin Schwausch; Ross Hendershot, III; and Tom Lester Jr. **Changes in net position.** The District's total revenues were \$31,352,508. The major components of the District's revenues are as follows: 60.4% from local property taxes, 36.1% from Texas Education Agency and Federal Government grants, 0.3% from investment income, and 3.2% from other sources. The total cost of all programs and services was \$36,368,817 as follows: 46.6% for instruction and instruction related services, 14.3% for support services-students, 11.1% for support services-nonstudent based, 6.3% for instructional and school leadership, 11.6% for intergovernmental charges and 10.1% for all other.

Governmental Activities

Total property tax rates for maintenance and operating (M&O) and debt service (I&S) increased from \$1.1248 in tax year 2014 to \$1.1633 in tax year 2015. Taxable property values decreased 36.8% from the prior year. These two factors combined caused property tax revenues, both M&O and I&S, to decrease \$9,613,648 or 33.6%. Also, the District's student enrollment increased from the prior year.

Once again, the oil and gas industry within the Gonzales ISD taxing entity dominated the District's financial situation. A steep decline in the industry led to decreased property values and decreased local tax revenue for the District. Although values did decrease significantly, it was not enough to remove the District's property-wealthy status. This was the second year for Gonzales ISD to be considered a wealthy school district. Because of the status, the District was required by Chapter 41 of the Texas Education Code to share its wealth with property-poor districts. This wealth sharing system is often referred to as "Robin Hood". On September 30, 2014, voters authorized the District to choose between two options for wealth-reduction. In lieu of sending funds directly to a property-poor district, the District again opted to send funds to the Texas Education Agency for redistribution. By utilizing this option, the District was able to realize a reduction in the cost of recapture. These transfers (or recapture payments) are reflected in Table A-2 as contracted instructional services between schools.

Table A-2

Changes in Gonzales Independent School District's Net Position

(In thousand dollars)

					Total
		Gove			Percentage
			ivities		Change
Revenues	-	2016	_	2015	2016-2015
Program revenues:					
Charges for services Operating grants	\$	337	\$	358	-5.9%
General revenues:		3,979		4,236	-6.1%
Property taxes					
State aid-Formula		18,939		28,553	-33.7%
Investment income		7,344		1,106	564.0%
Other income		92		68	35.3%
Total revenues	_	662	_	159	316.4%
rotarievenues	_	31,353	_	34,480	-9.1%
Expenses					
Instruction					AUC1 (1914) 124124
Instructional resources and media services		16,172		15,537	4.1%
Curriculum dev. & instructional staff dev.		391		454	-13.9%
		373		408	-8.6%
Instructional leadership School leadership		516		470	9.8%
		1,772		1,698	4.4%
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services Health services		1,060		1,006	5.4%
		366		323	13.3%
Student transportation		1,182		1,205	-1.9%
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities		1,365		1,322	3.3%
General administration		1,223		1,125	8.7%
		1,300		1,307	-0.5%
Plant maintenance & oper.		3,260		2,917	11.8%
Security & monitoring		259		258	0.4%
Data processing services		527		322	63.7%
Community services		40		46	-13.0%
Interest on long term debt Bond issuance cost		886		586	51.2%
		31		173	-82.1%
Capital oultay		1,388		347	300.0%
Contracted instructional services between schools		3,899		844	362.0%
Payment to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed Programs		25		96	-74.0%
Other intergovernmental charges	_	335		313	7.0%
Total expenses		36,370		30,757	18.2%
Increase in net position		(5,017)		3,723	-234.8%
Provincing act accilling					
Beginning net position		30,833		30,106	2.4%
Prior period adjustment	. —	-		(2,996)	
Ending net position	\$	25,816	\$	30,833	-16.3%

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and inter-governmental aid). The net cost reflects what state revenues as well as local tax dollars funded.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$36,368,817
- The amount that taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$18,938,824.

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	Total Cost of Services			Total Percentage Net Cost Change Service				f	Total Percentage Change
	2016		2015	2016-2015		2016		2015	2016-2015
Instruction	\$ 16,172	\$	15,537	4.09	\$	14,262	\$	14,332	(0.49)
School leadership	1,772		1,698	4.36		1,716		1,698	1.06
Student transportation	1,182		1,205	(1.91)		1,151		1,204	(4.40)
Food service	1,365		1,322	3.25		2		(82)	102.44
Cocurricular/extracuuricluar	1,223		1,125	8.71		1,062		1,011	(5.04)
General administration	1,299		1,307	(0.61)		1,259		1,307	(3.67)
Plant maintenance & oper.	3,260		2,917	11.76		3,155		2,917	8.16
Contracted Instructional									
Services between Schools	3,898		844	361.85		3,768		844	346.45

Table A-3 Net Cost of Selected District Functions (In thousand dollars)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from government fund types totaled \$30,717,624; a 9.9% decrease from the preceding year. This was a result of the decreased property values due to the oil and gas activities within the District's taxing entity. The result of decreased property tax revenue from oil and gas activities is increased State revenue.

To allow the State to control its cash flow, the amount of State funds that will be disbursed to school districts during the current fiscal year is determined in advance by a set of estimates prepared by the Legislative Budget Board. This determination does not change the level of funding that a district will earn for the year. Therefore, deviations between paid and earned are reflected in a reconciliation process during the following year. This reconciliation process is commonly referred to as "settle-up". Districts who received more cash than they earned must pay it back to the state and districts who earned more than they were paid receive additional cash. Because there is a correlation between a District's local tax revenue and state funding and because Gonzales ISD's property values declined so rapidly between fiscal years 2015 and 2016, the District received substantially less cash during the year than it earned. This led to the large receivable reflected in Table A-1 as due from other governments as well as the short-term debt payable.

Rising interest rates and prudent financial management practices led to investment earnings growth of 62% from fiscal year 2015.

Proceeds from bonds authorized by voters in November 2013, continued to be utilized during the 2016 fiscal year with phase one projects concluding and phase two beginning. Phase one projects which were finalized included an additional classroom building at the North Avenue Intermediate campus, an expansion of the Gonzales High School campus which included a student center and office front, and the completion of the Gonzales Primary Academy campus. The campus opened in March 2016. Phase two projects are scheduled to conclude in January 2017 and include an expansion of the Junior High School campus to provide additional space for the projected increase to student enrollment and improvements to the operations yard. These capital expenditures made up approximately 21.8% of the \$47,992,265 total expenditures from all governmental fund types.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State law requires that every local education agency in Texas prepare and adopt an annual budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures. The budget may be amended during the year to address unanticipated or changing needs of the District. With these amendments, the General Fund's actual

expenditures were \$5,655,051 less than the final budgeted amounts. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$7,029,065. The District had been preparing for this decrease in fund balance in recent years and had built up its fund balance to be able to sustain the decrease in local tax base.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2016, the District had invested \$44,809,918 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation. (See Table A-4, stated in thousands).

Table A-4 District's Capital Assets (In thousand dollars)								
	nment vities	Total Percentage Change						
Land	¢ —	2016		2015	2016-2015			
Construction in progress Buildings & improvements	\$	1,482 3,706 56,582	\$	1,471 11,401 36,857	0.7% -67.5% 53.5%			
Vehicles Equipment		3,204 1,475		3,130 1,502	2.4% -1.8%			
Assets under capitalized leases Total capital assets Accumulated depreciation Net capital assets		66,449 (21,639) 44,810		37 54,398 (20,437) 33,961	n/a 22.2% 5.9% 31.9%			

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long Term Debt

At year-end the District had \$28,395,757 in outstanding debt as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

C					
	Total Percentage Change 2016-2015				
General bonded indebtedness Bond premium Capital leases payable Total long term debt	\$	26,564 1,832 - 28,396	\$ \$	27,721 2,029 <u>31</u> 29,781	-4.2% -9.7% -100.0% -4.7%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

• Property values dropped considerably from 2015 to 2016. This resulted in the District adopting deficit budgets in fiscal years 2016 and 2017. With recapture payments anticipated to continue, the District will remain conservative in spending and ever aware of oil activity and values within the county.

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- Interest rates are anticipated to increase during the next few months. The District's investment • officers will continue to monitor them as they make decisions for investing District funds.
- Using proceeds from bond sales as approved in the November 2013 election, the District has continued the construction process. Projects are expected to conclude in January 2017.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Financial Services Department.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES; Glenn Menking, President; Gloria Torres, Vice President; Josie Smith-Wright, Secretury; Sue Gottwald; Justin Schwausch; Ross Hendershot, III; and Tom Lester Jr.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Data		1
Control Codes		Governmental Activities
	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,307,764
	Current Investments	8,383,280
	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	1,133,683
1240	Due from Other Governments	6,611,180
1290	Other Receivables (Net)	10,867
1300	Inventories Capital Assets:	62,783
1510	Land	1,481,591
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	38,011,767
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	1,610,255
1580	Construction in Progress	3,706,305
1000	Total Assets	63,417,281
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Outflow of Resources	221
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	1,970,597
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,970,818
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	Accounts Payable	1,159,649
2120	Short-Term Debt Payable	3,030,000
2165	Accrued Liabilities	1,496,583
2180	Due to Other Governments Noncurrent Liabilities:	320,620
2501	Due Within One Year	1,280,361
2502	Due in More Than One Year	27,115,396
2540	Net Pension Liability	4,740,928
2000	Total Liabilities	39,143,537
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Revenue	75,990
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	352,299
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	428,289
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,561,557
3850	Restricted For: Debt Service	1,158,801
3860	Capital Projects	2,411,627
3900	Unrestricted	2,684,288
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 25,816,273
3000		φ23,610,273

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Operating Control Charges for Grants and Gove	Position rnmental tivities
Control Charges for Grants and Gove	l,261,802)
Grandes Europtices (Deservers) Grandes for Grandes for Grandes and Gove	l,261,802)
Expenses Services Contributions	4,261,802)
Governmental Activities:	
11 Instruction	
ϕ 10,171,903 ϕ ϕ 1,910,181 ϕ (1	
	(374,361)
Od Instructional Land	(164,138)
22 Sebal adapti	(495,966)
01 Outland On H 0 This of the Only 05,040 ((,716,224)
20 Uselle Camilan (1997)	(959,898)
24 Student Transportation 000,049 - 11,002	(354,087)
1,102,200 31,032 (,150,653)
26 Comminuter/Extrem in the Aut it	(1,866)
	,062,165)
51 Expliting Maintaneous Quantity 1,253,050 - 40,795 (,259,095)
50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3,154,993)
50 D t D t D t D t D t D t D t D t D t D	(251,178)
20,179	(500,735)
70 Interaction D	(1,132)
4,735	(881,341)
73 Bond Issuance Costs and Fees 30,850	(30,850)
81 Capital Outlay 1,387,946 81,699 (,306,247)
91 Contracted Instructional Services between Schools 3,898,433 130,893	,767,540)
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Programs 24,748 873	(23,875)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges 335,039	(335,039)
TG Total Governmental Activities 36,368,817 336,816 3,978,816 (32	,053,185)
	,053,185)
General Revenues:	
MT Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes 16	.976.706
DT Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	,962,118
IE Investment Earnings	91,839
	,343,642
MI Miscellaneous	662,571
	,036,876
	,016,309)
ND	,832,582

Net Position - Ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NE

Net (Expense)

25,816,273

\$

EXHIBIT C-1

GONZALES INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Contro <u>Codes</u> 1110		\$	10 General Fund 1,864,298		60 Capital Projects Fund 4,634	- 	Other Governmental Funds 424,446	(98 Total Governmental Funds 2,293,378
1120	Current Investments		4,006,800		3,223,213		1,153,267		8,383,280
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		1,133,683						1,133,683
1240	Due from Other Governments		5,926,333				684,847		6,611,180
1260	Due from Other Funds		548,673						548,673
1290	Other Receivables		112,188				(3,515)		108,673
1300	Inventories		43,135				19,648		62,783
1000	Total Assets	_	13,635,110	_	3,227,847	_	2,278,693	=	19,141,650
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Deferred Expenditures		221						221
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	221			_			221
1000A	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	13,635,331	\$	3,227,847	\$	2,278,693	\$	19,141,871
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:	-		-	,,	1=	,,	*=	
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	270,200	\$	816,220	\$	62,443	\$	1,148,863
2120	Short-Term Debt Payable		3,030,000						3,030,000
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		378,443						378,443
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		1,022,224				92,316		1,114,540
2170	Due to Other Funds						548,673		548,673
2180	Due to Other Governments		303,772				16,848		320,620
2000	Total Liabilities		5,004,639		816,220		720,280		6,541,139
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Deferred Revenue		1,172,973				36,701		1,209,674
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,172,973				36,701	_	1,209,674
	FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3410	Inventories		43,135				19,648		62,783
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions						316,577		316,577
3470	Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligations				2,411,627				2,411,627
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balances:						1,158,801		1,158,801
3510	Construction		914,000						914,000
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		50,000						50,000
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance Assigned Fund Balances:		90,000				1 2		90,000
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		20,000						20,000
3600	Unassigned		6,340,584						6,340,584
	Unassigned, Reported in Nonmajor:								, ,
3610	Special Revenue Funds						26,686		26,686
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	7,457,719		2,411,627	_	1,521,712		11,391,058
	Total Liabilities Deferred Inflow								
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	13,635,331	\$	3,227,847	\$	2,278,693	\$	19,141,871

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet \$	11,391,058
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Bond issue premiums reported as liabilities in the statement of net postion are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	44,809,918 (26,564,294) (1,831,463) 1,133,684 (4,740,928) (352,299) 1,970,597
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position \$_	25,816,273

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Contro Codes		_	10 General Fund	_	60 Capital Projects Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	(98 Total Governmental Funds
5700 5800 5900 5020	Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$	17,667,109 7,617,753 257,697 25,542,559	\$	28,895 28,895	\$	2,224,528 131,833 2,789,809 5,146,170	\$	19,920,532 7,749,586 3,047,506 30,717,624
	EXPENDITUDEO					_		_	
	EXPENDITURES: Current:								
0011	Instruction		14,062,281				1,444.336		15,506,617
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		362,836						362,836
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		154,283				209,936		364,219
0021	Instructional Leadership		481,461				4,154		485,615
0023	School Leadership		1,662,196				1,033		1,663,229
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		932,431				68,836		1,001,267
0033	Health Services		342,849						342,849
0034	Student Transportation		942,233						942,233
0035	Food Service						1,328,715		1,328,715
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,119,223				49,715		1,168,938
0041	General Administration		1,215,823						1,215,823
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,076,510				31,500		3,108,010
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		235,552						235,552
0053	Data Processing Services		778,095						778,095
0061	Community Services		1,100				38,362		39,462
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		357,517				830,441		1,187,958
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		33,881				1,049,695		1,083,576
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		29,650				1,200		30,850
0081	Capital Outlay		2,431,820		10,456,381				12,888,201
0091	Contracted Instructional Services								
0091	Between Public Schools		3,898,433						3,898,433
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Altermative								
0095	Education Programs		24,748						24,748
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		335,039						335,039
6030	Total Expenditures		32,477,961	_	10,456,381	_	5,057,923	_	47,992,265
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_	(6,935,402)	_	(10,427,486)	_	88,247	_	(17,274,641)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In						15,425		15,425
8911	Transfers Out		(93,663)						(93,663)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(93,663)	_		-	15,425		(78,238)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(7,029,065)	-	(10,427,486)	-	103,672	-	(17,352,879)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		14,486,784		12,839,113		1,418,040		28,743,937
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	7,457,719	\$	2,411,627	\$	1,521,712	\$	11,391,058
		*=	.,	*=		Ψ=	1,021,712	♥=	11,001,000

GONZALES INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (17,352,879)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. Bond discounts are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 12,165,941 (1,316,633) 109,517 1,156,536 31,423 (78,239) 197,499 (7,713) 78,239
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ (5,016,309)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes ASSETS:	Internal Fu Pr Sh	najor Service nd int op nd
Current Assets:		
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Current Assets	\$	14,386
1000 Total Assets		14,386
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:		
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	10,786
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		3,600
Total Current Liabilities		14,386
2000 Total Liabilities		14,386
NET POSITION:		

3000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

\$____

Nonmajor

GONZALES INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	Internal Service
	Fund
Data	Print
Control	Shop
Codes	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 96,135
5800 State Program Revenues	4,427
5020 Total Revenues	100,562
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
6100 Payroll Costs	74,981
6200 Professional and Contracted Service	
6300 Supplies and Materials	24,333
6030 Total Expenses	178,801
Income (Loss) before Contributio	ons and Transfers (78,239)
7915 Transfers In	78,239
1300 Change in Net Position	
0100 Total Net Position - Beginning	
3300 Total Net Position - Ending	\$

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_	Internal Service Funds
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external Operating Transactions with Other Funds Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments to Other Suppliers and Materials Cash Payments to Other for Professional and Contractd Services Other Operating Cash Receipts (Payments) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	96,135 (73,674) (24,333) (68,701) (70,573)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities: Transfers From (To) Primary Government Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities		78,239 78,239
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	7,666 6,720 14,386
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Change in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	(78,239)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	4,066 3,600 7,666 (70,573)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

		Agency Funds
Data Control <u>Codes</u> ASSETS:	Private-purpose Trust Funds	Student Activity
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents1120 Current Investments1000 Total Assets	\$ 185,733 94,102 279,835	\$ 8,563 <u>195,111</u> 203,674
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: 2190 Due to Student Groups 2000 Total Liabilities	\$	\$ <u>203,674</u> 203,674
NET POSITION:3800Held in Trust3000Total Net Position	279,835 \$279,835	\$

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

		Private- Purpose Trusts
Additions:	¢	1,448
Donations	\$	40,750
Total Additions		42,198
Deductions:		
Scholarship Awards		36,197
Total Deductions		36,197
Change in Net Position		6,001
Net Position-Beginning of the Year		273,834
Net Position-End of the Year	\$	279,835

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Gonzales Independent School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Resource Guide). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Project Fund: This fund is used to account for construction projects undertaken with proceeds from general obligation bonds issed by the District. Expenditures are restricted to those allowed by bond agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Property taxes receivable at year end are as follows:

Gross property taxes receivable	\$ 2,267,367
Less: Allowance for uncollectible	(1,133,684)
Net property taxes receivable	\$ 1,133,683

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated Useful Lives		
30		
40-50		
20		
2-15		
3-15		
3-15		

e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

i. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

j. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Committed fund balance amounts are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

k. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

I. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. New Accounting Standards Adopted

In fiscal year 2016, the District adopted three new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

- -- Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application
- -- Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Government
- -- Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures
- a. Statement No. 72 requires state and local governments to measure investments at fair value using a consistent definition and valuation techniques; also defines what assets and liabilities governments should measure at fair value and expands fair value disclosures in financial disclosure notes. While the Statement generally requires restatement of prior period balances in the year of implementation, the nature of the District's investments was such that their carrying amount was not affected.
- b. The GAAP hierarchy prioritizes guidance governments follow when preparing U.S. GAAP financial statements. Statement No. 76 reduces authoritative GAAP hierarchy from four categories to two and lists the order of priority for pronouncements to which a government should look for guidance.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

c. Statement No. 77 requires governments granting tax abatements to individuals and businesses to disclose program information in the notes to the financial statements through the agreement's duration and also requires disclosures about tax abatements entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenue. Prior year balances were not restated because there are no tax abatements associated with the District or any other government which affect the District's tax revenue.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of financerelated legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

 Violation
 Action Taken

 None reported
 Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

	Deficit	
Fund Name	Amount	Remarks
None reported	Not applicable	Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$2,562,631 and the bank balance was \$3,088,227. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2016 and during the year ended August 31, 2016, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2016 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	Maturity		Fair Value
Texpool	N/A	\$	268,352
Lone Star Investment Pool		+	200,002
Corporate Overnight Plus	N/A		5,733,253
Texas Cooperative Liquid Asset			-,
Security System	N/A		2,126,807
Certificates of Deposit	12/18/16		250,000
Total Investments		\$	8,378,412

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2016, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

Investment or Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency
Texpool	AAAm	Standard and Poors
Lone Star Investment Pool		
Corporate Overnight Plus	AAA	Standard and Poors
Texas Cooperative Liquid Asset		
Security System	AAAm	Standard and Poors

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents.

TexPool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under a contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to TexPool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which usually approximates the market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at www.ttstc.org.

Texas Cooperative Liquid Asset Securities System (Texas Class)

Texas Class is a local government investment pool created as an investment pool for its participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. Participants are local governments who elect to participate in the Trust. Under the agreement, there are four objectives of the Trust: (1) Legality-investing in only in investments legally permitted under Texas Law; (2) Safety-minimizing risk by managing portfolio investments so as to preserve principal and maintain a stable asset value and to maintain the highest rating from the Trust from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization for so long as such rating in required by Texas law; (3) Liquidity-managing portfolio investments to insure that cash will available as required to finance participant's operations; and (4) Yield-maximizing current income to the degree consistent with legality, safety and liquidity.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2016, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Reclassification Adjustment	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land		\$		11,050 \$	1,481,591
Construction in progress	11,400,584	10,508,859		(18,203,138)	3,706,305
Total capital assets not being				(10,200,100)	0,700,000
depreciated	12,871,125	10,508,859		(18,192,088)	5,187,896
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	36,857,084	1,535,298		18,190,088	56,582,470
Equipment	1,502,473	50,058	115,376	37,260	1,474,415
Vehicles	3,130,124	73,726			3,203,850
Assets under capital lease	37,260			(37,260)	
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	41,526,941	1,659,082	115,376	18,190,088	61,260,735
Less accumulated depreciation for:		_			
Buildings and improvements	(17,578,821)	(991,882)			(18,570,703)
Equipment	(1,086,260)	(97,382)	(115,376)		(1,068,266)
Vehicles	(1,770,512)	(227,369)		(1,863)	(1,999,744)
Assets under capital lease	(1,863)			1,863	
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,437,456)	(1,316,633)	(115,376)		(21,638,713)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	21,089,485	342,449		18,190,088	39,622,022
Governmental activities capital					
Gassets, net \$	33,960,610 \$	10,851,308 \$		(2,000) \$	44,809,918

The "reclassification adjustment" column is used to report the reallocation of assets that were not new additions. Assets that had previously been reported as construction in progress are transferred into the appropriate asset category as they are completed. Also asset that had previously been reported as "capital assets under lease"

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

were transfered to equipment since the lease was paid off during the current year.

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	517,326
Instructional Resources and Media Services	+	19,728
Curriculum and Staff Development		5,632
Instructional Leadership		17,575
School Leadership		60,675
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		34,036
Health Services		12,515
Student Transportation		214,910
Food Services		49,691
Extracurricular Activities		88,246
General Administration		59,624
Plant Maintenance and Operations		125,002
Security and Monitoring Services		17,880
Data Processing Services		43,387
School Dist. Administration Support Services		50,406
	\$	1,316,633

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2016, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose	
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 548,672	Short-term loans	
	Total	\$ 548,672		

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2016, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General fund	Internal Service Fund	\$ 78,238	Supplement other funds sources
General fund	Other Governmental Funds Total	\$ 15,425 93,663	Transfer to cover revenue

F. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

The District issued the short-term debt to cover potential cash short falls in case funding from the State was recieved later than antipated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Description	 Beginning Balance		Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance
Description Maintenance Tax Notes					
Series 2016	\$ 	\$	3,030,000	\$	\$ 3,030,000
Total	\$ 	_\$	3,030,000	\$	 3,030,000

G. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2016, are as follows:

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Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Bond premiums	\$ 27,720,83 2,028,96	52		\$	1,156,536 197,499		26,564,294 \$ 1,831,463	1,094,475 185,886
Capital leases Net pension liability	18,39				18,391			
Total governmental activities	2,644,18 \$32,412,36		2,096,742 2,096,742	\$	1,372,426	\$	4,740,928 33,136,685 \$	1,280,361
General obligations bonds Unlimited Tax REfudning	Interest Rate		Beginning Balance	-	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Series 2005 CIB Maintenance Tax Notes	3.39%	\$	1,645,000	\$		\$	525,000	1,120,000
Series 2009 QSCB Unlimited Tax School Bldg	1.0%		3,400,830				326,536	3,074,294
Bonds Series 2014 Unlimited Tax School Bldg	2.0% to 5.0%	, '	13,765,000				300,000	13,465,000
Bonds Series 2015A Unlimited Tax School Bldg	3.0% to 4.%		8,650,000					8,650,000
Bonds Series 2015B Total	3.0% to 4.%	\$	260,000	\$		\$	5,000	255,000 26,564,294
						-	.,	20,004,234

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2016, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending August 31,		Principal		Interest	Total		
2017	\$	1,094,475	\$	991,409 \$	2,085,884		
2018		1,027,440		965,607	1,993,047		
2019		1,025,431		945,662	1,971,093		
2020		1,048,451		914,274	1,962,725		
2021		1,081,497		881,027	1,962,524		
2022-2026		5,592,000		3,859,978	9,451,978		
2027-2031		5,065,000		2,952,234	8,017,234		
2032-2036		6,180,000		1,851,245	8,031,245		
2037-2041		4,450,000		367,050	4,817,050		
Totals	\$	26,564,294	\$	13,728,486 \$	40,292,780		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

H. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

I. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS' defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The TRS pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS' fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature, as noted in the plan description in (1.) above.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution, which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

Contribut	ion Rates	1	
Member Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State) Employers		2015 6.7% 6.8% 6.8%	2016 7.2% 6.8% 6.8%
District's 2016 Employer Contributions District's 2016 Member Contributions NECE 2015 On-Behalf Contributions to District	\$ \$ \$	431,287 1,265,476 952,665	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the TRS pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the TRS the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2015 actuarial evaluation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Valuation Date	August 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	8%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	8%
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.5% to 9.5%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.5%
Benefit Changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return As of August 31, 2015								
	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns *					
Global Equity								
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%					
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%					
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%					
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%					
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%					
Stable Value								
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%					
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%					
Hedge Funds (Stable Value)	4%	3.0%	0.1%					
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%					
Real Return								
Global Inflat. Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%					
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%					
Energy & Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.2%
Inflation Expectation		0.770	0.3%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%
* The expected contribution to ret from the conversion between arith	urns incorporates the v imetic and geometric m	olatility drag resulting lean returns.)

7. **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The following schedule shows the impact of the net pension liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2015 net pension liability.

		1%		1%
District's proportionate	[Decrease in Discount Rate 7%	Discount Rate 8%	Increase in Discount Rate 9%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,428,138 \$	4,740,928 \$	2,502,646

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$4,740,928 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 4,740,928
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 11,369,461
Total	\$ 16,110,389

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015.

At August 31, 2015 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0134119%. which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0035128% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

Economic Assumptions

- The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50% a.
- The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%. b.
- In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based C. promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

d. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%

Mortality Assumptions

- e. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- f. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- g. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

- h. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- i. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- j. Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- k. Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- I. For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

Actuarial Methods and Policies

m. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,619,965 and revenue of \$1,619,965 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2016, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred	Deferred
Outflows of	Inflows of
Resources	Resources

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 34,009 \$	182,198
Changes in actuarial assumptions	142,943	169,136
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	559,346	(576)
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	803,012	1,541
District contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	431,287	
Total	\$ 1,970,597 \$	352,299

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension					
Year Ended		Expense				
August 31	Amount					
2017	\$	201,908				
2018	\$	201,908				
2019	\$	201,908				
2020	\$	201,908				
2021	\$	311,897				
Thereafter	\$	68,939				

J. Retiree Health Care Plans

1. TRS-Care

a. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS web site at www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778.

b. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. The State of Texas contribution rate was 1% for fiscal years 2015 and 2014, and 0.5% for fiscal year 2013. The active public school employee contributions rates were 0.65% of public school payroll, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2016,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

2015 and 2014. For the years ended August 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the State's contributions to TRS-Care were \$175,751, \$171,766, and \$163,857, respectively, the active member contributions were \$114,266, \$111,647, and \$106,506, respectively, and the District's contributions were \$119,138, \$94,472, and \$90,121, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

2. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$68,965, \$70,224, and \$43,670, respectively.

K. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2016, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$275 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the licensed insurer is renewable September 1, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the TRS Active Care are available for the year ended August 31, 2015, have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

L. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31,2016.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgete	ed Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 16,639,981	\$ 16,756,726	6 \$ 17,667,109	\$ 910,383
5800	State Program Revenues	8,200,826	8,201,925	5 7,617,753	(584,172)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	225,000	706,452		(448,755)
5020	Total Revenues	25,065,807	25,665,103	3 25,542,559	(122,544)
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:				0.054.047
0011	Instruction	14,589,213	17,116,528		3,054,247
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	291,976	380,887		18,051
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	140,421	163,307		9,024
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	15,021,610	17,660,722	2 14,579,400	3,081,322
	Instructional and School Leadership:				
0021	Instructional Leadership	392,371	505,96		24,500
0023	School Leadership	1,679,716	1,699,986		37,790
	Total Instructional & School Leadership	2,072,087	2,205,947	7 2,143,657	62,290
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):				
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1,028,832	1,014,446	6 932,431	82,015
0032	Social Work Services	100	100		100
0033	Health Services	338,313	345,290		2,441
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,183,043	1,184,66	7 942,233	242,434
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,036,658			23,928
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	3,586,946		4 3,336,736	350,918
	Administrative Support Services:				
0041	General Administration	1,379,386	1,368,969	9 1,215,823	153,146
0041	Total Administrative Support Services	1,379,386			
	Total Administrative Support Services	1,070,000	1,000,00	1,210,020	
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:				
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	3,106,972			
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	245,311	245,47		
0053	Data Processing Services	497,137			
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	3,849,420	4,566,35	5 4,090,157	476,198
	Ancillary Services:				
0061	Community Services	7,802	9,00	2 1,100	
	Total Ancillary Services	7,802	9,00	2 1,100	7,902
	Debt Service:				
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	358,827	358,82	357,517	1,310
0071	Interest on Long-Term Debt	33,795			
0072	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		30,00		
0070	Total Debt Service	392,622			
	On what Outland				
0004	Capital Outlay:	56,888	3,564,03	2,431,820	1,132,214
0081	Capital Outlay	56,888			
	Total Capital Outlay	00,000	5,304,03	2,431,020	1,102,214
	Intergovernmental Charges:				
0091	Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools	s 4,193,007	4,193,00	3,898,433	294,574

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative				
0095	Education Programs	99,500	99,500	24,748	74,752
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	355,200	355,200	335,039	20,161
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	4,647,707	4,647,707	4,258,220	389,487
6030	Total Expenditures	31,014,468	38,133,012	32,477,961	5,655,051
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,948,661)	(12,467,909)	(6,935,402)	5,532,507
7911 8911 7080 1200	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds) Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance	(90,000) (90,000) (6,038,661)	3,030,000 (110,000) 2,920,000 (9,547,909)	(93,663) (93,663) (7,029,065)	(3,030,000) 16,337 (3,013,663) 2,518,844
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$(6,038,661)	\$(9,547,909)	14,486,784 \$7,457,719	14,486,784 \$

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year					
	2	015	2014		_	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.01342%		0.00990%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,740,928	\$	2,644,186 \$	5	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		11,369,461		9,343,469		
Total	\$	16,110,389	\$	11,987,655 \$	6	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,176,610	\$	16,385,682 \$	6	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		27.60%		16.14%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.20%		83.25%		

* Only two years of data are presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. The information for all periods for which the 10-year schedule that are required to be present as supplementary informations may not be available initially. In this case, during the transistion period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. This schedule should not incldue information that is not measured in accordance with the requirement of this Statement.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year		
	_	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	431,287 \$	227,549
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(431,287)	(227,549)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,176,610 \$	16,385,682
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.51%	1.39%

* Only two years of data are presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. The information for all periods for which the 10-year schedule that are required to be present as supplementary informations may not be available initially. In this case, during the transistion period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. This schedule should not incldue information that is not measured in accordance with the requirement of this Statement.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes	_	 1 Budgete Original	ed An	2 nounts Final		3 Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:		_		-			
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 	\$		\$	28,895	\$	28,895
5020	Total Revenues	 	_		_	28,895	_	28,895
	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:							
0052	Security and Monitoring Services			350,001				350,001
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	 	_	350,001	-			350,001
	Capital Outlay:							
0081	Capital Outlay			10 400 707		10 450 001		0.000.040
0001	Total Capital Outlay	 	-	12,492,727	_	10,456,381	_	2,036,346
	Total Oapital Outlay	 	_	12,492,727	-	10,456,381	-	2,036,346
6030	Total Expenditures	 	_	12,842,728	_	10,456,381		2,386,347
4400							_	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
1100	Expenditures	 		(12, 842, 728)	_	(10,427,486)		2,415,242
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance			(12,842,728)		(10,427,486)		2,415,242
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning					12,839,113		12,839,113
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 	\$	(12,842,728)	\$_	2,411,627	\$	15,254,355

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Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Year Ended	 	ax Rat		3 sessed/Appraised 'alue For School
August 31	 Maintenance	_	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
2007 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$	Various	\$ Various
2008	.9357		.0707	501,197,834
2009	1.015		.0655	577,066,040
2010	1.04		.0715	576,322,529
2011	1.04		.0683	554,584,162
2012	1.04		.0655	647,771,958
2013	.9357		.0367	1,201,951,716
2014	.9357		.032	1,848,152,263
2015	1.04		.0848	2,554,219,694
2016 (School Year Under Audit)	1.04		.1233	1,614,434,218

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

 10 Beginning Balance 9/1/15	 20 Current Year's Total Levy	1	31 Maintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	 50 Ending Balance 8/31/16
\$ 236,064	\$ 	\$	24,529	\$ 1,122	\$ (6,477)	\$ 203,936
47,172			6,951	525	(186)	39,510
61,470			11,778	760	(180)	48,752
72,789			13,809	949	(9)	58,022
79,304			13,708	900	(683)	64,013
94,126			18,741	1,175	(614)	73,596
134,863			17,170	671	(1,252)	115,770
279,536			104,366	3,569	(147)	171,454
1,028,579			145,752	11,774	(1,061)	869,992
	18,780,713		16,273,498	1,916,091	31,198	622,322
\$ 2,033,903	\$ 18,780,713	\$	16,630,302	\$ 1,937,536	\$ 20,589	\$ 2,267,367
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$

GONZALES INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control		
Codes	Explanation	Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2016 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$7,457,719
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)	43,135
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	1,054,000
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	20,000
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year	7,216,040
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)	8,333,175
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$(875,456)
	If Item 11 is a Positive Number	

It Item 11 is a Positive Number Explanation of need for and/or projected use of net positive Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance:

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes		-	1 Budgete Original	d An	2 nounts Final		3 Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:	-		_			riotaa		(Hegalive)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	266,165	\$	276,352	\$	217,706	\$	(58,646)
5800	State Program Revenues		7,000		30,095		19,157		(10,938)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,113,336		1,121,018		1,128,934		7,916
5020	Total Revenues		1,386,501		1,427,465		1,365,797		(61,669)
	EXPENDITURES:							_	
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services		1,356,501		1 207 466		1 011 010		00 1 50
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	-	1,356,501		1,397,466		1,311,316	_	86,150
		_	1,350,501		1,397,466	_	1,311,316	_	86,150
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		30.000		30.000		30.000		
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	30,000		30,000		30,000		
		_	00,000		30,000		30,000	-	
6030	Total Expenditures	-	1,386,501		1,427,466		1,341,316		86,150
		_	.,,		1,127,100		1,041,010		00,150
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures						24,481		24,481
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_					24,481		24,481
	-						24,401		24,401
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		311,744		311,744		311,744		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	311,744	\$	311,744	\$	336,225	\$	24,481
		_						*==	21,101

DEBT SERVICE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes		_	1 Budgete Original	d Am	2 nounts Final		3 Actual		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:	-	Oliginal		Tinai	_	Actual		(Negative)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,889,861	\$	1,889,861	\$	1,968,430	\$	78,569
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	4,735	Ψ	4,735
5020	Total Revenues	-	1,889,861		1,889,861	_	1,973,165	_	83,304
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		834,000		834,000		830,441		3,559
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,050,136		1,050,138		1,049,695		443
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		5,725		5,723		1,200		4,523
	Total Debt Service	_	1,889,861	-	1,889,861	_	1,881,336	_	8,525
6030	Total Expenditures	_	1,889,861	_	1,889,861	_	1,881,336	_	8,525
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures						91,829		91,829
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_					91,829	_	91,829
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,066,972		1,066,972		1,066,972		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	1,066,972	\$	1,066,972	\$	1,158,801	\$	91,829

EXHIBIT J-4

FLOYD AND GINDLER, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 421 ST. JAMES – P.O. BOX 638 Gonzales, TX 78629 (830)-672-2824

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees Gonzales Independent School District 926 St. Lawrence Gonzales, Texas 78629

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gonzales Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Gonzales Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated Janaury 9, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Gonzales Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gonzales Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gonzales Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) 2016-1, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Gonzales Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express

such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) 2016-1.

Gonzales Independent School District's Response to Findings

Gonzales Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Gonzales Independent School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

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Floyd & Gindler, PC

Gonzales, Texas January 9, 2017

FLOYD AND GINDLER, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 421 ST. JAMES – P.O. BOX 638 Gonzales, TX 78629 (830)-672-2824

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Gonzales Independent School District 926 St. Lawrence Gonzales, Texas 78629

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Gonzales Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Gonzales Independent School District's major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2016. Gonzales Independent School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Gonzales Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance.) Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Gonzales Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Gonzales Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Gonzales Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended August 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Gonzales Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Gonzales Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gonzales Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiences and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance set.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016-1 to be a significant deficiency.

Gonzales Independent School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Gonzales Independent School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

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Floyd & Gindler, PC

Gonzales, Texas January 9, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

- A. Summary of Auditor's Results
- 1. Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Х Yes None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No 2. Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Х Yes None Reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200? Yes X No Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553/10.555/10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No B. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2016-1 (Refer to finding description below)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2016-1

Condition: Meal count data reported on the June and July Summer Feeding Program claims for reimbursement did not match the District's meal count data.

Criteria: This grant reimburses the District based on the number of qualified meal served under the program The number of meals claimed for reimbursement should be supported by the District's internally generated meal count data.

Cause: There was a change in the Nutrition Program's director during the year. Neither could identify the cause of the error.

Potential Effect of the Condition: Claims for \$16,847 for the Summer Feeding Program were disallowed and were required to be refunded to the grantor.

Recommendation: All claims should be reviewed by someone other than the person who prepared the report to insure that reported meal counts agreed with the District's meal count data. The reviewer needs to document that the review was done and the date it was performed.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

Management's Explanation If Not Implemented

None

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Discussed with Amanda Smith, CFO on December 8, 2016

The District has implemented a verification system. All supporting documentation associated with the claim reimbursement will now be shared with both the Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Facilities and Operations Officer. This will be done to ensure someone verifies that data other than the Director of Child Nutrition who performs the data entry. Further, this verifications will be completed prior to the end of the sixty (60) day claim adjustment window as approved by the Texas Department of Agriculture. This will allow for a more proactive reconcilation, if errors should be discovered.

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Page 1 of 2

(1)	(2)	(2A)			(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	E	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:					
<u>U. S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program	10.553	089-901	\$	\$	293,631
National School Lunch Program Total Passed Through State Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Health and Human Services:	10.555	089-901			752,974 1,046,605
Summer Food Service Program Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	089-901		_	3,192 1,049,797 1,049,797
FOOD DISTRIBUTION CLUSTER:					
<u>U. S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed Through State Department of Education: Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash) Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Food Distribution Cluster	10.565	089-901			82,329 82,329 82,329
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:					
<u>U. S. Department of Education</u> Passed Through State Department of Education: IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Formula Total CFDA Number 84.027	84.027 84.027 84.027	156600010899 166600010899 176600010899	0	_	696 526,602 24,260 551,558
IDEA-B Preschool IDEA-B Preschool Total CFDA Number 84.173 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.173 84.173	166610010899 176610010899			7,881 482 8,363 559,921 559,921 559,921
OTHER PROGRAMS:					
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total CFDA Number 84.010a	84.010a 84.010a	166101010899 176101010899		_	762,891 21,037 783,928
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	164200060899	0		35,085
ESEA, Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2 - Rural and Low Income School	84.358	166960010899	0		69,372
Title III Part A English Language Acquisition and Language Enhan	nce 84.365	1567100108	\$	\$	42,460
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367a	1669450108	\$	\$	148,881

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Total CFDA Number 84.367a	Federal CFDA Number 84.367a	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number 1769450108990	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures 8,924 157,805
LEP Summer School Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	84.369A	69551502		9,112 1,097,762 1,097,762 2,789,809

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

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NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Gonzales Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes	-	 Responses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district <u>not</u> receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$ 4,740,928
SF13	Pension Expense (object 6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$ 533,079